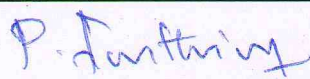


PROJECT	NIVASAN VAKULAM APARTMENT-AT VILANKURICHI,COIMBATORE		
CONSULTANT	THE DESIGN ONE		
DESIGN OF COLUMN	C1		
DESIGN DATA:			
	Axial Load, P =	810 kN	
	Breadth of the column, b =	200 mm	
		0.2 m	
	Depth of the column, D =	450 mm	
		0.45 m	
	Unsupported length of the column in x-x axis, L _x =	3 m	
	Unsupported length of the column in y-y axis, L _y =	3 m	
	Bending Moment about x-x axis, M _x =	35.7 kNm	
	Bending Moment about y-y axis, M _y =	35.7 kNm	
	Effective length factor =	0.85	
	Grade of concrete, f _{ck} =	20 N/mm ²	
	Grade of steel, f _y =	500 N/mm ²	
EFFECTIVE LENGTH:			
	Effective length of the column in x-x axis, L _{ex}	=	2.55 m
		=	2550 mm
	Effective length of the column in y-y axis, L _{ey}	=	2.55 m
		=	2550 mm
CHECK FOR SLENDERNESS RATIO:			
	L _{ex} /D	=	5.6666667
			<12
	Hence, short column		
	L _{ey} /b	=	12.75
			>12
	Hence, long column		
CHECK FOR MINIMUM ECCENTRIES:			
	e _{ex, min.}	=	(L _{ex} /500)+(D/30)
		=	20.1 mm
		OR	20 mm
	e _{ey, min.}	=	(L _{ey} /500)+(b/30)
		=	11.766667 mm
		OR	20 mm
	Factored Bending moment in x-x axis, M _{ux}	=	53.55 kNm
	Factored Bending moment in y-y axis, M _{uy}	=	53.55 kNm
	Factored Load, P _u	=	1215 kN
		=	1215000 N
	M _{ux} /P _u	=	44.074074 mm
		>20	mm
	M _{uy} /P _u	=	44.074074 mm
		>20	mm
	Hence, design for uniaxial moment		
LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT:			
	Hence, Factored Bending Moment, M _u	=	53.55 kNm
		=	53550000 Nmm
	Governing Axis for Bending is y-y axis		


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$$M_u/f_{ck}bD^2 = 0.14875$$

$$= 0.149$$

$$P_u/f_{ck}bD = 0.675$$

$$= 0.68$$

$$\text{Effective cover, } d' = 50$$

$$\text{Therefore, } d'/D = 0.25$$

$$= 0.2$$

From Interaction chart of SP 16

$$p/f_{ck} = 0.1$$

$$p = 2\%$$

$$0.8\% < p < 4\%$$

Hence O.K.

$$A_s = 1800 \text{ mm}^2$$

Assume 20 mm dia bars

$$\text{No. of bars, } N = 5.7324841$$

$$= 6 \text{ Nos.}$$

$$A_{s \text{ provided}} = 1884 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Actual } p = 2.0933333\%$$

$$0.8\% < p < 4\%$$

Hence O.K.

Hence, provide

6 #

20 mm dia

But Provided 4Nos 20# and 4 Nos-16# bars uniformly distributed on four sides

LATERAL REINFORCEMENT:

Diameter of Lateral Ties:

$$\text{Dia of Lateral Ties} = 5 \text{ mm (OR)}$$

$$\text{Dia of Longitudinal rft./4} = 5 \text{ mm}$$

Whichever is lesser

$$\text{Therefore Dia of lateral ties} = 5 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 8 \text{ mm}$$

Spacing:

$$\text{Least lateral dimension of the column} = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$16 \times \text{Dia of the longitudinal bar} = 320 \text{ mm}$$

$$= 300 \text{ mm}$$

Whichever is lesser

$$\text{Required Spacing} = 200 \text{ mm}$$

Therefore, adopt

8 mm dia lateral ties @

200 mm c/c

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PROJECT	NIVASAN VAKULAM APARTMENT- AT VILANKURICHI ,COIMBATORE
CONSULTANT	THE DESIGN ONE
DESIGN OF BEAM	Beam -B1

DESIGN DATA:

Breadth of the beam, b	=	200 mm	=	0.2 m
Effective depth of the beam, d	=	480 mm	=	0.48 m
Width of the supports	=	200 mm	=	0.2 m
Grade of concrete, f_{ck}	=	20 N/mm ²		
Grade of steel, f_y	=	500 N/mm ²		
Moment of Resistance, M	=	97 kNm		
Uniformly Distributed Load, W	=	58.1 kN/m		
Length of the beam, L	=	5.1 m	=	5100 mm

PRELIMINARY DIMENSIONS OF THE BEAM:

Assume effective cover of the beam, c'	=	30 mm	=	0.03 m
Therefore, overall depth of the beam, D	=	510 mm	=	0.51 m
a) Effective Span, L_{eff}	=	L+d	=	5.58 m
b) Effective Span, L_{eff}	=	L+W	=	5.3 m
Therefore, adopt Effective Span, L_{eff}	=	5.3 m (minimum)		

ULTIMATE MOMENTS:

$x_{u \text{ lim.}}/d$	=	0.48		
Therefore, $x_{u \text{ lim.}}$	=	230.4 mm		
M_u'	=	$0.36 * f_{ck} * b * x_u * (d - 0.42 x_u)$		
	=	127147180 Nmm		
	=	127.14718 kNm		
Ultimate moment, M_u	=	$1.5 * M$	=	145.5 kNm
M_u''	=	$M_u - M_u'$		
	=	18.35282 kNm		
	=	18352820 Nmm		

TENSILE REINFORCEMENT:

From I.S. 456:2000, pg.no. 96, Annex-G, section G-1.1 a)

$x_{u \text{ lim.}}/d$	=	$(0.87 * f_y * A_{st}) / (0.36 * f_{ck} * b * d)$
Therefore, A_{st1}	=	762.703448 mm ²
M_u''	=	$f_{sc} * A_{st2} * (d - d')$
where d'	=	distance from top fibre to the centre of compression reinforcement.
	=	50 mm


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$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Therefore, } A_{st2} &= 98.1171877 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 \text{Total } A_{st} &= 860.820636 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 \text{Assume } 16 \text{ mm dia bars.} \\
 a_{st} &= 200.96 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 \text{Number of bars, } n &= 4.28354218 = 5 \text{ Nos.} \\
 \text{Spacing} &= 40 \text{ mm} \\
 \text{Therefore adopt } 5 \text{ nos. of } 16 \text{ mm dia bars @ } 40 \text{ mm c/c. in tension zone.} \\
 A_{st \text{ provided}} &= 1607.68 \text{ mm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

COMPRESSION REINFORCEMENT:

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{st2} &= (A_{sc} * f_{sc}) / (0.87 * f_y) \quad (\text{In pg.no. 56 in R.C.C. book}) \\
 \epsilon_{sc} &= 0.0035 * ((x_u - d') / x) \quad \text{By interpolating:} \\
 f_{sc} &= 353.725 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \epsilon_{sc} \quad f_{sc} \\
 A_{sc} &= 120.661465 \text{ mm}^2 \quad \begin{array}{cc} 0.00276 & 351.8 \\ 0.00298 & 353.725 \\ 0.0038 & 360.9 \end{array} \\
 \text{Assume } 16 \text{ mm dia bars.} \\
 a_{st} &= 200.96 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 \text{Number of bars, } n &= 0.60042528 = 1 \text{ Nos.} \\
 \text{Spacing} &= 100 = 100 \text{ mm} \\
 \text{Therefore adopt } 2 \text{ nos. of } 16 \text{ mm dia bars @ } 100 \text{ mm c/c. in compression zone.} \\
 A_{sc \text{ provided}} &= 401.92 \text{ mm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

CHECK FOR SHEAR:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{From I.S. 456:2000, pg.no. 73, Annex-B-5.1)} \\
 \text{Nominal shear stress, } \tau_v &= v_u / bd \\
 \text{where shear force, } v_u &= 222.2325 \text{ kN} \\
 &= 222232.5 \text{ N} \\
 \tau_v &= 2.31492188 \text{ N/mm}^2 \\
 \text{\% of tensile reinforcement, } p_t &= 1.67466667 \\
 &\text{FROM IS 456:2000 pg.no.:73 table 19:} \\
 \begin{array}{cc} p_t & \tau_c \\ 1.5 & 0.75 \\ 1.67466667 & 0.76397333 \\ 2 & 0.79 \end{array} \\
 \text{Design shear stress, } \tau_c &= 0.76397333 \text{ N/mm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau_v > \tau_c \quad \text{Hence not safe}$$

Hence provide shear reinforcement

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{us} &= v_u - \tau_c bd \\
 &= 148891.06 \text{ N} \\
 &= 148.89106 \text{ kN} \\
 \text{Use } 2 \text{ legged } 8 \text{ mm dia bars} \\
 A_{sv} &= 100.48 \text{ mm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 S_v &= (0.87 \cdot f_y \cdot A_{sv} \cdot d) / v_{us} \\
 &= 140.909897 \text{ mm} \\
 &= 140 \text{ mm} \\
 S_v &> 0.75d \\
 &= 360 \text{ mm} \\
 \text{Adopt} & \quad 2 \quad \text{legged} \quad 8 \text{ mm dia bars} \\
 & @ \quad 140 \text{ mm c/c near the support \& } \\
 & \quad 350 \text{ mm c/c at mid-span.}
 \end{aligned}$$

CHECK FOR DEFLECTION:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (l/d)_{act} &= 10.625 \\
 (l/d)_{max} &= (l/d)_{basic} \cdot k_t \cdot k_c \cdot k_f \\
 p_t &= 1.67466667 \\
 p_c &= 0.41866667 \\
 \text{Referring the diagram,} \\
 k_t &= 0.93 \\
 k_c &= 1.1 \\
 k_f &= 1 \\
 \text{Therefore, } (l/d)_{max} &= 20.46
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence safe against deflection

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