



Your trusted partner for buying, selling, and managing property,
ensuring hassle-free service with 100% transparency.

3/350/2 Mettukuppam,
OMR Thoraipakkam,
Chennai, India

hello@verified.realestate

+91 9996 12 9996

Official Property Record

Digitally Verified Record - Powered by Verified  RealEstate™





DIVISION OF SOIL MECHANICS AND FOUNDATION ENGINEERING
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
College of Engineering Guindy Campus
Anna University, Chennai 600 025



Ph: 044-2235 7549 / 7543

SOIL INVESTIGATION REPORT

NAME OF WORK : **RECOMMENDATION OF FOUNDATION FOR THE PROPOSED RECONSTRUCTION OF DILAPIDATED SLUM TENEMENTS (S+5 Floors) AT ELISPURAM TENEMENTAL SCHEME IN CORPORATION DIVISION 59, ZONE V OF GREATER CHENNAI CORPORATION.**

CLIENT : **The Executive Engineer**
Division – IV,
Tamil Nadu Slum Clearance Board,
T.P.Chatram (Opp. K6 Police Station),
Chennai – 600 010.

Reference : The Executive Engineer, TNSCB, Chennai, Lr. No. 560/AE(P)/Dn-IV/2021 , Dated 12.08.2021

JOB No : SM&FE 205 / Consultancy / 2021

DATE : 02nd November 2021



DIVISION OF SOIL MECHANICS AND FOUNDATION ENGINEERING
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
College of Engineering Guindy Campus
Anna University, Chennai 600 025



Ph: 044-2235 7549 / 7543

Dr. M. MUTTHARAM, M.E., Ph.D.
Professor & Head

Dr. V.K. STALIN, M.E., Ph.D.
Professor

**RECOMMENDATION OF FOUNDATION FOR THE PROPOSED RECONSTRUCTION OF
DILAPIDATED SLUM TENEMENTS (S+5 Floors) AT ELISPURAM TENEMENTAL
SCHEME IN CORPORATION DIVISION 59, ZONE V OF GREATER CHENNAI
CORPORATION.**

Job. No. SM&FE 205 / Consultancy / 2021

Date:02.11.2021

CLIENT:

The Executive Engineer,
Division – IV,
Tamil Nadu Slum Clearance Board,
T.P.Chatram (Opp. K6 Police Station),
Chennai – 600 010.

Reference: The Executive Engineer, TNSCB, Chennai, Lr. No. 560/AE(P)/Dn-IV/2021
Dated 12.08.2021

1. INTRODUCTION

The Tamil Nadu Slum Clearance Board (TNSCB), Division – IV, T.P. Chatram, Chennai – 600 010 has proposed to reconstruct dilapidated slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation. The officials of TNSCB, Division – IV, T.P. Chatram, Chennai – 600 010 have approached the Head, Division of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, College of Engineering, Guindy (CEG), Anna University, Chennai - 25 to carryout soil investigation in the proposed site and to recommend the most suitable foundation system for the proposed reconstruction of dilapidated slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation. Accordingly, the work was taken up and field investigation was carried out during 4th August 2021 to 7th August 2021 by M/s VRR Engineering Consultancy, Chennai under the supervision of Faculty members of Division of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Anna

University, Chennai, Executive Engineer, Asst. Executive Engineer and Assistant Engineer of TNSCB, Division – IV, T.P. Chatram, Chennai – 600 010. This report comprises the details of soil investigation, analysis of field and laboratory test results on soil and recommendation of suitable foundation system.

2. SITE CONDITION AND EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAMME

The proposed site is located at Elisapuram in Corporation Division 59, zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation. The site is a plain terrain. The total number of borehole locations has been decided as '2', as agreed by the Officials of Executive Engineer of TNSCB, Division – IV, T.P. Chatram, Chennai and the Professor cum Project Co-ordinator, Division of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Anna University, Chennai, such that these locations are coming well within the proposed construction area. The nature of field tests includes standard penetration tests, disturbed soil sampling through split spoon sampler, identification of different soil layers, retrieving of rock core samples, location of ground water table, complete logging of the borehole etc,. Laboratory investigation consists of classification tests such as grain size distribution, Atterberg limits, specific gravity and free swell index of soil samples.

The boreholes were advanced from the existing ground level using rotary boring technique supplemented by bentonite mud circulation. Mud circulation was used to stabilize the sides and bottom of the boreholes and then to bring the soil cuts to the surface. Bentonite slurry would also help to minimize the disturbance of the soil at the bottom of the borehole while drilling operation is in progress. In general, rotary boring technique with bentonite mud circulation is found most suitable to make exploratory boreholes of diameter 150 mm (IS 1892 : 1979). During boring operation, borehole was always kept full with the drilling mud so as to prevent any disturbance to the soil within the test zone (Plate 1 of Annexure – 2).

Standard penetration tests were conducted at every 1.0 m interval up to 6.0 m depth and thereafter 1.5 m interval in all the borehole locations. These SPT tests were carried out using Winch and Auto-trip free fall device for which the expected energy level is approximately 60% to 70%. The 'N' value resulting from this procedure may be considered as N_{60} . Disturbed soil samples collected through the split spoon sampler were preserved and transported to the soil testing laboratory for detailed identification

tests. During the progress of soil investigation at the proposed site, the site was monitored by the Professor of Division of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, CEG Campus, Anna University, Chennai – 25.

All field and laboratory tests were conducted as per the Indian Standard Testing procedure (SP 36 Part I: 1987 & Part II: 1988). All the field test results recorded in the bore logs are illustrated in figures A-1 and A-2. The field 'N' values at different depths and samples collected at these depths are mentioned in the bore logs. Laboratory test results (index and engineering properties) of soil samples collected through split spoon sampler are summarized in table A-1 and table A-2 of this report.

3. REVIEW OF FIELD AND LABORATORY TEST RESULTS OF SOIL PROFILE

Figures 1 show the variation of SPT 'N' value of different soil layers with respect to depth in BH 1 and BH 2 of the proposed site. It could be seen from figure 1 that the variations of SPT 'N' values are almost uniform in all the two bore holes, indicating the homogeneity of soil layer (Plate 2 of Annexure – 1).

3.1 Summary of Soil Profile in BH 1 and BH 2 Locations

1. Brown Silty Sand was found at top 1.0 m depth in BH 1 and BH 2 bore-hole locations with SPT 'N' value varying from 9 to 12.
2. Silty Clay was encountered from 2.0 m to 3.0 m depth in BH 1 and BH 2 location with SPT 'N' value varying from 8 to 14.
3. Silty Sand was observed from 4.0 m to 18.0 m depth in BH 1 location and 4.0 m to 19.5 m depth in BH 2 location with SPT 'N' value of 12 to 96.
4. Greyish Brown weathered sediment layer are observed from 19.5 m to 24.0 m in BH 1 location and in 21.0 m depth in BH 2 location with SPT 'N' values of > 100.
5. Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss Rock layer are found from 25.0 m to maximum termination depth of 28.0 m in BH 1 location and from 22.0 m to maximum termination depth of 23.5 m depth in BH 2 location.
6. The ground water table was observed at 3.2 m to 3.6 m depth at the time of In-situ Soil Investigation work.

Thus, it is evident that the soil profile is homogeneous with reference to relative density / consistency in the proposed site as reflected from BH 1 and BH 2 locations (Figure 1).

4.0 SHEAR STRENGTH PROPERTIES AND ELASTICITY MODULUS VALUES ' E_s ' OF SOIL SAMPLES

The Geotechnical design parameters required to determine the bearing capacity and settlement of foundation system are arrived by analyzing the Field Bore-Log profile and Laboratory test results and listed in table A-1 and table A-2. The ' E_s ' values are computed based on Bowles 1997 correlation.

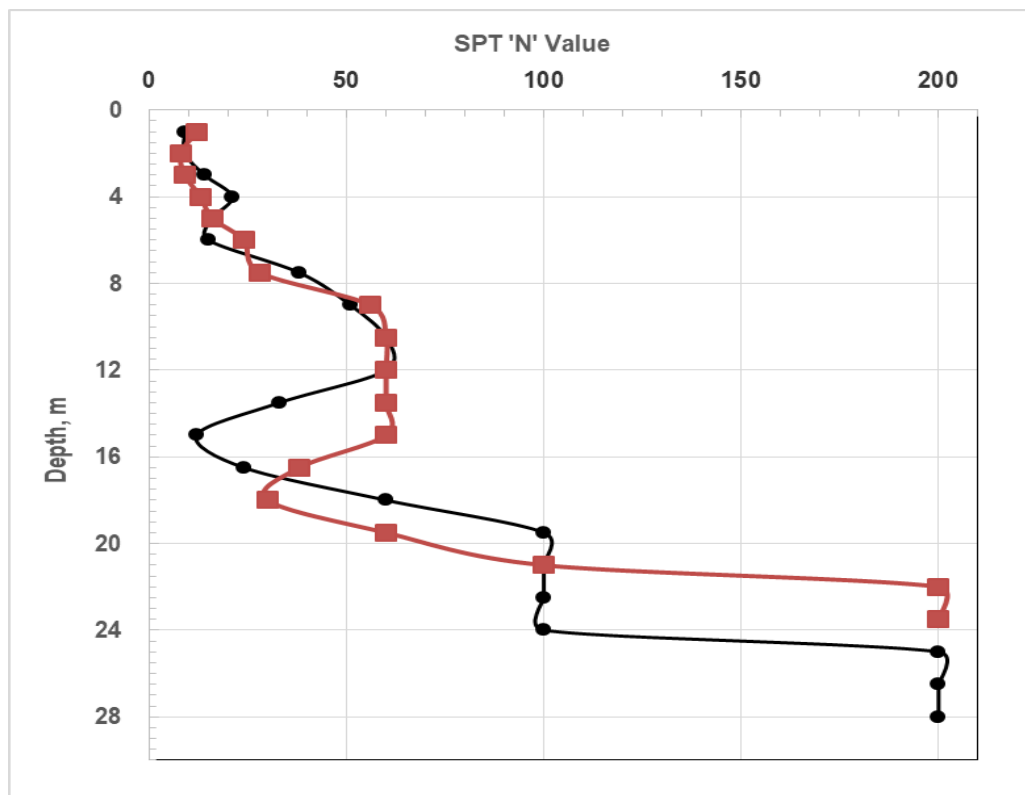


Figure (1) Variation of SPT 'N' value of different soil layers with respect to depth in Different Borehole Locations of the Site

5.0 COMPUTATION OF SAFE PILE CARRYING CAPACITY

The observed ground water table depths in the proposed site are varying between 3.2 m to 3.5 m depth range in BH 1 and BH 2 locations. The soil layers existing below 3.0 m depth to 13.5 m depth layer are predominately sandy deposits. It is anticipated that heavy seepage of water may occur while excavating soil layer up to 3.5 m depth to place the shallow foundation system which may lead to collapse the supporting system also. Excavation of huge soil mass up to 3.5 m depth and laying Raft Foundation / Strip Raft Foundation is quite cumbersome in high water seepage condition. Hence, attempts are not made to suggest shallow foundation system for the proposed construction of Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Elisapuram Tenemental

Scheme in Corporation Division 59, zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation Attempts are made to suggest pile foundation for varying pile diameter. For computing the load carrying capacity of pile, Indian Standard IS 2911 (Part 1/Sec. 2) 2010 method and Meyerhof 1959 formula (Based on SPT 'N' Value) are used. The diameters of piles are assumed as 450 mm, 500 mm, 600 mm, 700 mm and 900 mm and the length of the pile is taken as 22.0 m to 25.0 m. Safe pile carrying capacity computations were made for all two-borehole data. The Indian Standard IS 2911 (2010) specifies that the base resistance should not exceed 1000 to 1100 t/m² for bored cast-in-situ piles and 1500 t/m² for precast driven piles.

For calculating the skin friction along the pile length of 22.0 m to 25.0 m, the design 'N' values and shear strength parameters for the respective depths were used. The soil layers in top 3 m depth may induce settlement of surrounding soil while pile driving which in turn may cause negative skin friction. Hence, the safe frictional resistance is computed by neglecting these layer's frictional capacity and the negative skin friction value was suitably deducted in the computation of safe bearing capacity of piles. The safe end bearing resistance and safe skin frictional resistance are together added for different pile diameter and the total safe load carrying capacity of pile thus computed is shown in Table 1. The calculations of pile carrying capacity by static formula (IS 2911: 2010) and Meyerhof formula (1959) are presented in Annexure 3. The factor of safety of 2.5 has been used for determining safe end bearing and also frictional capacity of bored cast-in-situ piles.

TABLE 1 Safe Load carrying capacity of Bored Cast-In-Situ Pile of 22.0 to 25.0 m Length for varying Diameter

Borehole Location	Pile capacity for Bored Cast-In-Situ Piles, (kN) IS 2911 Part-I 2010 Static Formula									
Diameter of Pile (mm)	Based on Shear Strength Parameters ('c' and 'Φ')					Based on SPT 'N' Values				
	450	500	600	700	900	450	500	600	700	900
BH 1	1299	1522	2015	2571	3871	1265	1484	1969	2517	3802
BH 2	1112	1315	1766	2280	3497	1070	1268	1710	2215	3413

The uplift capacity of a pile is given by sum of the frictional resistance and the weight of the pile (buoyant or total as relevant) as per Section 6.3.2 of IS 2911 (Part 1/Sec. 2) 2010. As per codal provisions, the recommended factor of safety is 3.0 in the

absence of any pull-out test results and 2.0 with pullout test results. Uplift capacity can be obtained from static formula by ignoring end-bearing, but adding weight of the pile (buoyant or total as relevant). The safe uplift capacities of pile for varying diameter are given in Table 2.

TABLE 2 Safe Uplift Capacity of 22.0 to 25.0 m Length Pile for varying Diameter (IS 2911 (Part 1/Sec. 2) 2010)

Borehole Location	Safe Uplift Capacity (kN) IS 2911 (Part 1/Sec. 2) 2010				
Diameter of Pile (mm)	450	500	600	700	900
BH 1	629	712	883	1065	1458
BH 2	468	530	662	803	1110

7. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the discussions made in sections 3, 4, 5 and 6, the following recommendations are furnished for the Reconstruction of dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

- 1) The recommended type of pile foundation is ***"Bored Cast-In-Situ Pile"***
- 2) The recommended safe vertical and lateral pile carrying capacity of the 22.0 m to 25.0 m length of 'bored cast in-situ pile' for varying diameter is shown in Table 9. The required number of piles may be varied with respect to the varying column loads.
- 3) The bored cast in-situ pile shall be terminated at 22.0 m to 25.0 m in Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss Stratum.
- 4) With regard to execution of bored cast-in-situ pile, procedure outlined in IS 2911 Part 1 Section 2: 2010 may be referred and scrupulously followed.
- 5) Pile load test shall be conducted to ensure the designed pile carrying capacity. The minimum grade of concrete for pile foundation shall be M 30 to M 40.

TABLE 3 Safe Load carrying capacity and Lateral Load Capacity of Bored Cast-In-Situ Pile for varying diameter and for a length of 22.0 to 25.0 m from the existing ground level (Borehole level)

Diameter of Pile (mm)	Recommended Safe Load carrying capacity of Bored Cast-In-Situ Piles, (kN)	Recommended Lateral Load Capacity for 5 mm deflection, (kN)	Depth of fixity from bore-hole level (m)
450	1000	79.20	3.47
500	1200	93.30	3.78
600	1600	125.30	4.37
700	2100	159.70	4.95
900	3200	239.00	6.05

Dr. M. MUTTHARAM

Professor & Head,
Division of Soil Mechanics &
Foundation Engg.,
Department of Civil Engineering,
CEG Campus,
Anna University, Chennai-25

Dr. V. K. STALIN

Professor,
Division of Soil Mechanics &
Foundation Engg.,
Department of Civil Engineering,
CEG Campus,
Anna University, Chennai-25

REFERENCES

- [1] SP 36 Part I: 1987, "Laboratory Testing on Soil for Civil Engineering Purpose", Compendium on Indian Standards on Soil Engineering, Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [2] SP 36 Part II: 1988, "Field Testing of Soils for Civil Engineering Purpose", Compendium on Indian Standards on Soil Engineering, Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [3] IS 8764-1998 "Method for Determination of Point Load Strength Index of Rocks"
- [4] IS 2911, Part 1 (2010),"Code of Practice for Design and Construction of Pile Foundations", Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [5] Varghese P.C., Foundation Engineering, Prentice – Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2005.
- [6] Bowles, J. (1997). Foundation Analysis and Design. 5th Ed., The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., New York, 308.
- [7] Cole, K.M. and Stroud, M.A. (1977), Rock Socket Piles at Coventry Point – Piles in Weak Rocks, Proc. Inst. of Civil Engineers, London.
- [8] Karl Terzaghi, Ralph B. Peck and Gholamrezra Mesri (1996), "Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice", 3rd Edition, A Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, New York.
- [9] IS 1904 - 1986 (Reaffirmed 1995), "Code of Practice for Design and Construction of Foundations in Soils: General Requirements", Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [10] IS 12070 – 1987 (Reaffirmed 2010), "Code of Practice for Design and Construction of Shallow Foundations on Rocks", Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [11] IS 4464 – 1985 (Reaffirmed 2004)," Code of Practice for Presentation of Drilling Information and Core Description in Foundation Investigation", Bureau of Indian Standards.
- [12] Varghese P.C., Foundation Engineering, Prentice – Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2005.
- [13] Richard E. Goodman (1989), "Introduction to Rock Mechanics", John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- [14] IS 16700:2017," Code of Practice for Criteria for Structural Safety of Tall Concrete Buildings", Bureau of Indian Standards.

FIELD BORE LOG PROFILE

Project : Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.							
BH NO		BH 1		DATE OF START			04-08-2021
SITE		Elispuram		DATE OF COMPLETION			05-08-2021
DIA OF BORING		100 / 150 mm		GROUND WATER LEVEL (m)			3.2
TYPE OF BORING		Rotary - Autotrip SPT		RL with respect to Bed Level (m)			-
Depth below EGL(m)	Soil / Rock Profile	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464	Standard Penetration Test (SPT) / UDS / Core Drilling				Relative Density or Consistency of Soil / Strength of Rock
			15	30	45	N	
1.0		Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	5	6	3	9	Loose
2.0		Brown Silty Clay (CH)	4	5	4	9	Stiff
3.0		Brown Silty Clay (CH)	6	6	8	14	Stiff
4.0		Greyish Silty Sand (SM-SP)	8	11	10	21	Medium Dense
5.0		Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	6	6	10	16	Medium Dense
6.0		Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	5	6	9	15	Medium Dense
7.5		Brown Sand (SP)	10	18	20	38	Dense
9.0		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	15	22	29	51	Very Dense
10.5		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	26	40	46	86	Very Dense
12.0		Brown Sand (SP)	30	44	52	96	Very Dense
13.5		Brown Sand (SP)	19	18	15	33	Dense
15.0		Greyish Silty Clay (CH)	3	5	7	12	Stiff
16.5		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	9	16	8	24	Medium Dense
18.0		Brownish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	40	55 _(10 cm) Rebound		>100	Very Dense
19.5		Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	50 _(0 cm) Rebound			>100	Hard / Very Weak
21.0		Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	50 _(0 cm) Rebound			>100	Hard / Very Weak
22.5		Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	50 _(0 cm) Rebound			>100	Hard / Very Weak
24.0		Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	50 _(0 cm) Rebound			>100	Hard / Very Weak
25.0		Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	20 _(0 cm) Rebound; TCR=28%; RQD=0%			>100	Weak
26.5		Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	15 _(0 cm) Rebound; TCR=21.33%; RQD=0%			>100	Weak
28.0		Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	15 _(0 cm) Rebound; TCR=30%; RQD=0%			>100	Weak
Bore hole has been terminated at 28.0 m from the existing ground level (EGL). Nx Size Core Barrel with Diamond Cutter was used to drill from 24.0 m to 28.0 m depth Rock Stratum.							

Figure A-1

FIELD BORE LOG PROFILE

Project : Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.									
BH NO		BH 2			DATE OF START			06-08-2021	
SITE		Elispuram			DATE OF COMPLETION			07-08-2021	
DIA OF BORING		100 / 150 mm			GROUND WATER LEVEL (m)			3.5	
TYPE OF BORING		Rotary - Autotrip SPT			RL with respect to Bed Level (m)			-	
Depth below EGL(m)	Soil / Rock Profile	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464			Standard Penetration Test (SPT) / UDS / Core Drilling				Relative Density or Consistency of Soil / Strength of Rock
					15	30	45	N	
1.00		Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)			4	6	6	12	Medium Dense
2.00		Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)			3	4	4	8	Medium Stiff
3.00		Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)			4	4	5	9	Stiff
4.00		Greyish Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)			4	6	7	13	Medium Dense
5.00		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)			6	8	8	16	Medium Dense
6.00		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)			6	12	12	24	Medium Dense
7.50		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)			10	13	15	28	Medium Dense
9.00		Brown Sand (SP)			22	26	30	56	Very Dense
10.50		Brown Sand (SP)			26	32	38	70	Very Dense
12.00		Brown Sand (SP)			28	33	39	72	Very Dense
13.50		Greyish Brown Sand (SP)			26	29	34	63	Very Dense
15.00		Brown Sand (SP)			26	31	39	70	Very Dense
16.50		Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)			11	17	21	38	Dense
18.00		Greyish Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)			13	17	13	30	Dense
19.50		Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)			40	50 _(0 cm) Rebound		>100	Very Dense
21.00		Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)			50 _(0 cm) Rebound			>100	Hard / Very Weak
22.00		Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)			20 _(0 cm) Rebound; TCR=22%; RQD=0%			>100	Weak
23.50		Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)			20 _(0 cm) Rebound; TCR=33.3%; RQD=10%			>100	Weak
Bore hole has been terminated at 23.50 m from the existing ground level (EGL). Nx Size Core Barrel with Diamond Cutter was used to drill from 21.0 m to 23.50 m depth Rock Stratum.									

Figure A-2

Table A-1

Project : Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

BH No:	1	Ground Water Table Depth (m):												3.2			
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS																	
Depth (m)	SPT 'N' Value	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464	Index Properties						Specific Gravity	Grain Size Analysis (%)						Direct Shear / Terzaghi and Peck (1974) - Shear Strength Parameters	
			Natural Moisture Content, %	Bulk Density (kN/m ³)	Liquid Limit, %	Plastic Limit, %	Plasticity Index, %	Free Swell Index		Gravel	Coarse Sand	Medium Sand	Fine Sand	Fines		Cohesion (c), kN/m ²	Angle of Friction (Φ) in Degrees
														Silt	Clay		
1.0	9	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	12	16.5	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	22	10	29	23	16	0	25	
2.0	9	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	22	16.5	56	28	28	20	2.62	0	0	5	11	84	56	0	
3.0	14	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	26	18.0	57	28	29	20	2.61	0	0	4	9	87	88	0	
4.0	21	Greyish Silty Sand (SM-SP)	17	19.5	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	0	37	36	27	0	32	
5.0	16	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	37	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	0	5	62	33	0	30	
6.0	15	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	41	18.2	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	0	13	44	43	0	29	
7.5	38	Brown Sand (SP)	46	21.8	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	3	75	19	3	0	41	
9.0	51	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	15	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	5	77	18	0	0	42	
10.5	86	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	15	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	2	71	25	2	0	42	
12.0	96	Brown Sand (SP)	16	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	2	71	26	1	0	42	
13.5	33	Brown Sand (SP)	15	21.2	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	3	80	16	1	0	38	
15.0	12	Greyish Silty Clay (CH)	35	22.0	72	29	43	110	2.61	0	1	9	17	73	75	0	
16.5	24	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	17	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	6	77	16	1	0	35	
18.0	>100	Brownish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	12	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	31	10	23	18	18	0	41	
					Porosity of Rock (%)				Strength of Rock								
					UCS, kN/m ²		I _s , kN/m ²										
19.5	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	-	22.0	-			2.67	-		-		0	44			
21.0	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	-	22.0	-			2.67	-		-		0	44			
22.5	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	-	22.0	-			2.67	-		-		0	44			
24.0	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	-	22.0	-			2.67	-		-		0	44			
25.0	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.65	23.2	2.76			2.68	-		1874		0	45			
26.5	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.63	23.4	2.68			2.68	-		4527		0	45			
28.0	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.66	23.2	2.72			2.68	-		2272		0	45			

Table A-2

Project : Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

BH No:	2	Ground Water Table Depth (m):	3.6
--------	---	-------------------------------	-----

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Depth (m)	SPT 'N' Value	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464	Index Properties						Specific Gravity	Grain Size Analysis (%)						Direct Shear / Terzaghi and Peck (1974) - Shear Strength Parameters	
			Natural Moisture Content, %	Bulk Density (kN/m ³)	Liquid Limit, %	Plastic Limit, %	Plasticity Index, %	Free Swell Index		Gravel	Coarse Sand	Medium Sand	Fine Sand	Fines		Cohesion (c), kN/m ²	Angle of Friction (Φ) in Degrees
														Silt	Clay		
1.0	12	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	18	17.5	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	5	3	48	34	10	0	27	
2.0	8	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	33	16.1	45	21	24	40	2.61	8	0	3	4	85	50	0	
3.0	9	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	24	16.5	42	19	23	40	2.62	0	0	12	16	72	56	0	
4.0	13	Greyish Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	17	17.7	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	1	36	52	11	0	28	
5.0	16	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	17	18.5	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	2	38	53	7	0	30	
6.0	24	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	17	20.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	2	56	40	2	0	34	
7.5	28	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	18	20.6	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	1	1	40	51	7	0	36	
9.0	56	Brown Sand (SP)	14	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	1	63	28	8	0	42	
10.5	70	Brown Sand (SP)	15	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	1	3	70	26	0	0	42	
12.0	72	Brown Sand (SP)	14	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	3	72	23	2	0	42	
13.5	63	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	16	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.64	0	3	72	23	2	0	42	
15.0	70	Brown Sand (SP)	17	22.0	NP	NP	NP	NP	2.63	0	3	69	26	2	0	42	
16.5	38	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	19	21.8	65	23	42	70	2.65	5	1	41	23	30	57	37	
18.0	30	Greyish Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	16	20.9	59	24	35	70	2.65	11	3	35	24	27	45	33	
19.5	>100	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	14	22.0	45	27	18	20	2.66	3	2	20	39	36	90	40	
					Porosity of Rock (%)					Strength of Rock							
										UCS, kN/m ²			I _s , kN/m ²				
21.00	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	-	22.0	-				2.67	-			-			0	44
22.00	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.65	23.1	2.76				2.67	-			253			0	45
23.50	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.63	23.3	2.68				2.68	-			1976			0	45

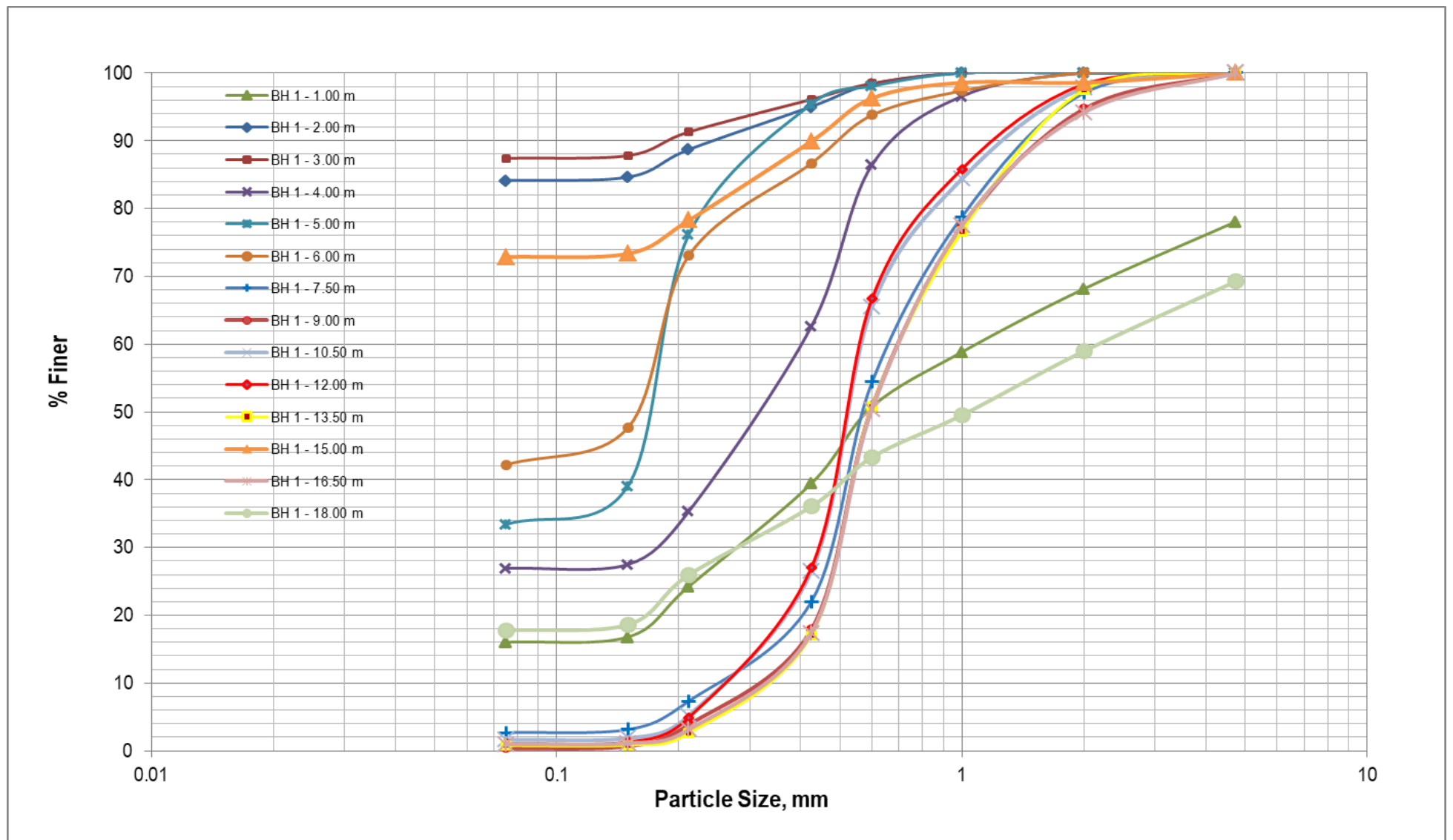


Figure C- 1 Grain Size Distribution of Soil Samples collected in BH 1 Location

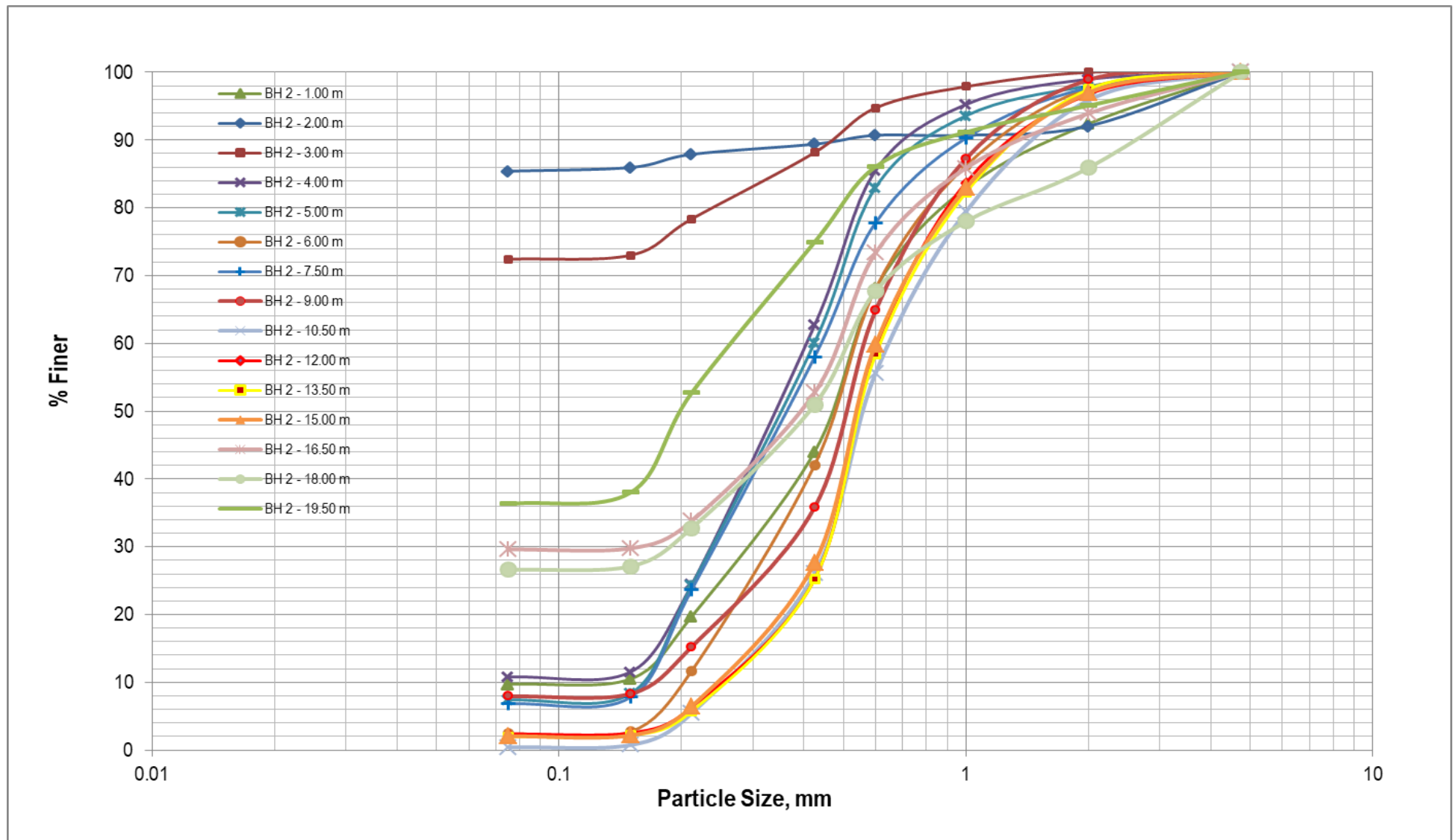


Figure C-2 Grain Size Distribution of Soil Samples collected in BH 2 Location

Annexure – 1
Site Photographs



Plate 1 SPT test is in progress at the Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

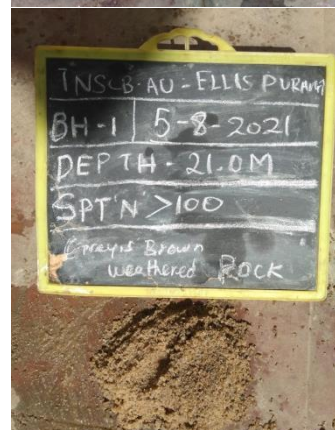


Plate 2 View of Soil Samples collected in 2 Borehole Locations at the Proposed Construction site.

Annexure – 2 View of Soil Samples collected in BH 1 and BH 2 Locations of the Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation

Plate – 1 Soil Sample Collected by conducting SPT in BH-01 Location





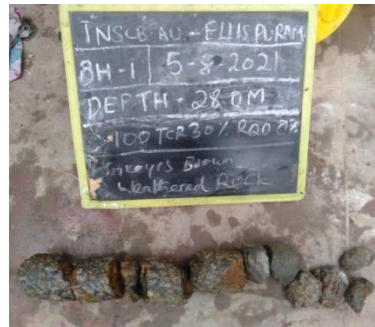
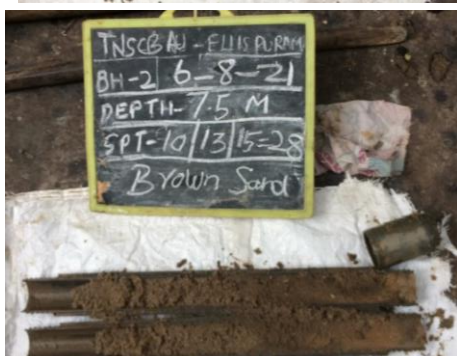
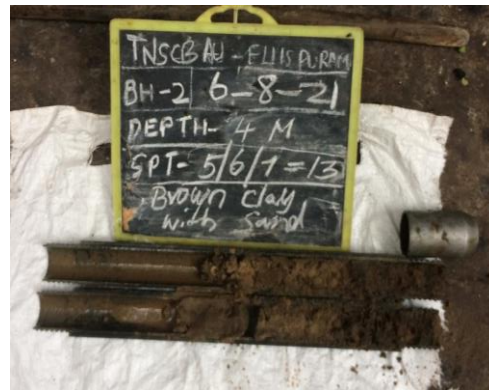
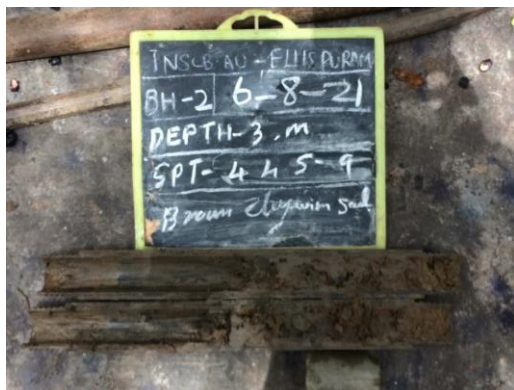


Plate – 2 Soil Sample Collected by conducting SPT in BH-02 Location





GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN PARAMETERS OF DIFFERENT LAYERS BELOW GROUND LEVEL**PROJECT:** Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

BH No:	1				GWT (m):	3.2	Variation of SPT 'N' Value with respect to Depth	
Depth below GL (m)	In-situ SPT 'N' Value	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464	Design 'N' Value	Bulk Density, kN/m ³	Modulus of Elasticity (E _s), kN/m ²	Design Shear Strength Parameters		
						Shear Strength (c _{ul}), kN/m ²	Angle of Friction (φ) in Degrees	
1.00	9	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	9	16.5	7500	0	25	
2.00	9	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	9	16.5	4800	56	0	
3.00	14	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	14	18.0	6400	88	0	
4.00	21	Greyish Silty Sand (SM-SP)	21	19.5	13500	0	32	
5.00	16	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	16	22.0	11000	0	30	
6.00	15	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	15	18.2	10500	0	29	
7.50	38	Brown Sand (SP)	38	21.8	22000	0	41	
9.00	51	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	51	22.0	28500	0	42	
10.50	86	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42	
12.00	96	Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42	
13.50	33	Brown Sand (SP)	33	21.2	19500	0	38	
15.00	12	Greyish Silty Clay (CH)	12	22.0	5760	75	0	
16.50	24	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	24	22.0	15000	0	35	
18.00	>100	Brownish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	41	
19.50	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	100	22.0	43000	0	44	
21.00	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	100	22.0	43000	0	44	
22.50	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	100	22.0	43000	0	44	
24.00	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	100	22.0	43000	0	44	
25.00	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	200	23.2	197500	0	45	
26.50	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	200	23.4	197500	0	45	
28.00	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	200	23.2	197500	0	45	

GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN PARAMETERS OF DIFFERENT LAYERS BELOW GROUND LEVEL**PROJECT:** Proposed Reconstruction of Dilapidated Slum Tenements (S + 5 Floors) at Ellispuram Tenemental Scheme in Corporation Division 59, Zone V of Greater Chennai Corporation.

BH No:	2					GWT (m):	3.6	Variation of SPT 'N' Value with respect to Depth	
Depth below GL (m)	In-situ SPT 'N' Value	Description / Classification of Soil and Rock / Weathering Grade of Rock as per IS 4464	Design 'N' Value	Bulk Density, kN/m ³	Modulus of Elasticity (E _s), kN/m ²	Design Shear Strength Parameters			
						Shear Strength (c _u), kN/m ²	Angle of Friction (Φ) in Degrees		
1.00	12	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	12	17.5	9000	0	27		
2.00	8	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	8	16.1	4480	50	0		
3.00	9	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	9	16.5	4800	56	0		
4.00	13	Greyish Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	13	17.7	9500	0	28		
5.00	16	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	16	18.5	11000	0	30		
6.00	24	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	24	20.0	15000	0	34		
7.50	28	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	28	20.6	17000	0	36		
9.00	56	Brown Sand (SP)	56	22.0	31000	0	42		
10.50	70	Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42		
12.00	72	Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42		
13.50	63	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42		
15.00	70	Brown Sand (SP)	60	22.0	33000	0	42		
16.50	38	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	38	21.8	14080	57	37		
18.00	30	Greyish Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	30	20.9	11520	45	33		
19.50	>100	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	60	22.0	21120	90	40		
21.00	>100	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	100	22.0	43000	0	44		
22.00	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	200	23.1	197500	0	45		
23.50	>100	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	200	23.3	197500	0	45		

Annexure - 3 (DETERMINATION OF PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911:2010)

LOAD-CARRYING CAPACITY OF PILES — STATIC ANALYSIS - IS 2911 : 2010

PILES IN GRANULAR SOILS

The ultimate load capacity (Q_u) of piles, in kN, in granular soils is given by the following formula:

$$Q_u = A_p (\frac{1}{2} D \gamma N_\gamma + P_D N_q) + \sum_{i=1}^n K_i P_{Di} \tan \delta_i A_{si}$$

The first term gives end-bearing resistance and the second term gives skin friction resistance.

where

A_p = cross-sectional area of pile tip, in m^2 ;

D = diameter of pile shaft, in m;

γ = effective unit weight of the soil at pile tip, in kN/m^3 ;

N_γ = bearing capacity factors depending upon
and N_q the angle of internal friction, ϕ at pile tip;

P_D = effective overburden pressure at pile tip, in kN/m^2 (see Note 5);

$\sum_{i=1}^n$ = summation for layers 1 to n in which pile is installed and which contribute to positive skin friction;

K_i = coefficient of earth pressure applicable for the i th layer (see Note 3);

P_{Di} = effective overburden pressure for the i th layer, in kN/m^2 ;

δ_i = angle of wall friction between pile and soil for the i th layer; and

A_{si} = surface area of pile shaft in the i th layer, in m^2 .

NOTES

1 N_γ factor can be taken for general shear failure according to IS 6403.

2 N_q factor will depend on the nature of soil, type of pile, the L/B ratio and its method of construction. The values applicable for bored piles are given in Fig. 1 of IS 2911 : 2010 Part I

3 K_i , the earth pressure coefficient depends on the nature of soil strata, type of pile, spacing of pile and its method of construction. For driven piles in loose to dense sand with ϕ varying between 30° and 40° , K_i values in the range of 1 to 1.5 may be used.

4 δ , the angle of wall friction may be taken equal to the friction angle of the soil around the pile stem.

5 In working out pile capacity by static formula, the maximum effective overburden at the pile tip should correspond to the critical depth, which may be taken as 15 times the diameter of the pile shaft for $\phi \leq 30^\circ$ and increasing to 20 times for $\phi \geq 40^\circ$.

6 For piles passing through cohesive strata and terminating in a granular stratum, a penetration of at least twice the diameter of the pile shaft should be given into the granular stratum.

Annexure - 3 (DETERMINATION OF PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911:2010)

PILES IN COHESIVE SOILS

The ultimate load capacity (Q_u) of piles, in kN, in cohesive soils is given by the following formula:

$$Q_u = A_p N_c c_p + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i c_i A_{si}$$

The first term gives the end-bearing resistance and the second term gives the skin friction resistance.

where

- A_p = cross-sectional area of pile tip, in m^2 ;
- N_c = bearing capacity factor, may be taken as 9;
- c_p = average cohesion at pile tip, in kN/m^2 ;
- $\sum_{i=1}^n$ = summation for layers 1 to n in which the pile is installed and which contribute to positive skin friction;
- α_i = adhesion factor for the i th layer depending on the consistency of soil, (see Note);
- c_i = average cohesion for the i th layer, in kN/m^2 ; and
- A_{si} = surface area of pile shaft in the i th layer, in m^2 .

B-3.3 Ultimate skin friction resistance can be approximated to local side friction (f_s), in kN/m^2 , obtained from static cone resistance as given in Table 1.

Table 1 Side Friction for Different Types of Soil

Sl No. (1)	Type of Soil (2)	Local Side Friction, f_s kN/m^2 (3)
i)	q_c less than 1 000 kN/m^2	$q_c/30 < f_s < q_c/10$
ii)	Clay	$q_c/25 < f_s < 2q_c/25$
iii)	Silty clay and silty sand	$q_c/100 < f_s < q_c/25$
iv)	Sand	$q_c/100 < f_s < q_c/50$
v)	Coarse sand and gravel	$q_c/100 < f_s < q_c/150$
q_c = cone resistance, in kN/m^2 .		

USE OF STATIC CONE PENETRATION DATA

When full static cone penetration data are available for the entire depth, the following correlation may be used as a guide for the determination of ultimate load capacity of a pile.

Ultimate end bearing resistance (q_u), in kN/m^2 , may be obtained as:

$$q_u = \frac{\frac{q_{c0} + q_{c1}}{2} + q_{c2}}{2}$$

where

- q_{c0} = average static cone resistance over a depth of $2D$ below the pile tip, in kN/m^2 ;
- q_{c1} = minimum static cone resistance over the same $2D$ below the pile tip, in kN/m^2 ;
- q_{c2} = average of the envelope of minimum static cone resistance values over the length of pile of $8D$ above the pile tip, in kN/m^2 ; and
- D = diameter of pile shaft.

NOTE — The value of adhesion factor, α_i depends on the undrained shear strength of the clay and may be obtained from Fig. 2 of IS 2911 : 2010 Part I

Table 2 Co-relation Between N and q_c for Different Types of Soil

Sl No. (1)	Type of Soil (2)	q_c/N (3)
i)	Clay	150-200
ii)	Silts, sandy silts and slightly cohesive silt-sand mixtures	200-250
iii)	Clean fine to medium sand and slightly silty sand	300-400
iv)	Coarse sand and sands with little gravel	500-600
v)	Sandy gravel and gravel	800-1 000

Annexure - 3 (DETERMINATION OF PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911:2010)

PILE CARRYING CAPACITY BASED ON SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS ('c' and 'Φ') (IS 2911: 2010)

$$Q_u = A_p (cN_c + P_D N_q + 0.5\gamma DN_\gamma) + \sum A_{si}(\alpha_i c_i + K P_{Di} \tan \Phi)$$

Where,

- Q_u - Ultimate Pile Capacity, kN
 A_p - Cross Sectional Area of Pile, m²
 c_i - Cohesion value of soil at pile base, kN/m²
 P_D - Effective overburden pressure at pile base, kN/m²
 γ - Unit weight of soil, kN/m³
 D - Diameter of pile, m

- A_{si} - Surface Area of Pile at respective soil layers, m²
 α_i - Adhesion factor
 c - Cohesion value of soil at respective soil layers, kN/m²
 K_i - Co-efficient of earth pressure at respective soil layers
 P_{Di} - Effective overburden pressure at respective soil layers, kN/m²
 Φ - Friction angle, degrees
 N_c, N_q, N_γ - Bearing capacity factors based on IS 2911: 2010 and IS 6403 -1981

PILE CARRYING CAPACITY OF SOCKETED PILES BY COLE AND STROUD APPROACH (1977) - IS 2911 : 2010

$$Q_a = c_{u1} N_c \cdot \frac{\pi B^2}{4 F_s} + \alpha c_{u2} \cdot \frac{\pi B L}{F_s}$$

where

c_{u1} = shear strength of rock below the base of the pile, in kN/m² (see Fig. 3);

N_c = bearing capacity factor taken as 9;

F_s = factor of safety usually taken as 3;

α = 0.9 (recommended value);

c_{u2} = average shear strength of rock in the socketed length of pile, in kN/m² (see Fig 3);

B = minimum width of pile shaft (diameter in case of circular piles), in m; and

L = socket length of pile, in m.

Type of Soil	Limiting Frictional Resistance (t/m ²)
Sand	6
Silt	6
Clay	7

Limiting End Bearing Resistance (t/m ²) as per IS 2911	
Bored Piles	Driven Piles
1000 - 1100	1500

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

DETERMINATION OF PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911 : 2010

Borehole Location	BH 1				
Length of Pile (L), m	=	25.00	m	From Existing Borehole Level	
Angle of Internal Friction (ϕ) in Degrees	=	45.00			
Undrained cohesion value at PileTip (c_p), kN/m ²	=	0.00	kN/m ²		
Submerged Unit Weight at PileTip (γ_p), kN/m ²	=	13.40	kN/m ²		
Ground Water Table Depth (GWT), m	=	0.00	m	Submerged Condition	
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_c)	=	9.00			
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_q)	=	350.00		Taken from Figure 1 of IS 2911:2010 Part 1 Sec.2	
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_γ)	=	271.75			
Factor of Safety (FS)	=	2.50			
Diameter of Pile (D), mm	=	450	500	600	700
Critical Depth of Pile (20 x D), m	=	9	10	12	14
Effective overburden pressure at Pile Tip (P_D), kN/m ²	=	84.75	102.75	120.75	138.15
End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ² using 'c' and ' ϕ '	=	30481.82	36872.85	43354.93	49627.00
End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ² using 'N' values	=	80000.00	80000.00	80000.00	80000.00
Limiting End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ²	=	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
Ultimate End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	1590.43	1963.50	2827.43	3848.45
Ultimate End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'N' values	=	1590.43	1963.50	2827.43	3848.45
Safe End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	636.17	785.40	1130.97	1539.38
Safe End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'N' values	=	636.17	785.40	1130.97	1539.38
Ultimate Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	1999.82	2222.02	2666.42	3110.83
Ultimate Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'N' values	=	1995.70	2217.44	2660.93	3104.42
Negative Skin Friction of Pile (Q_{nf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	136.61	151.79	182.15	212.50
Negative Skin Friction of Pile (Q_{nf}), kN using 'N' values	=	169.65	188.50	226.19	263.89
Safe Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	663.32	737.02	884.42	1031.83
Safe Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'N' values	=	628.63	698.48	838.18	977.87
Self Weight of Pile (W), kN	=	99.40	122.72	176.71	240.53
Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN ('c' and ' ϕ ')	=	1299	1522	2015	2571
Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN ('N' values)	=	1265	1484	1969	2517
Recommended Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN	=	1282	1503	1992	2544
Safe Uplift Capacity of Pile (Q_{up}), kN using 'c' and 'ϕ' values	=	629	712	883	1065

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

Depth (m)	Soil Description	H _i (m)	'c' kN/m ²	'φ'	'γ' kN/m ³	'γ _{sub} ' kN/m ³	P _{Di} (kN/m ²)	'α _i '	'K _i '	N' Value
1.00	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.00	0	25	16.50	6.50	6.50	0.00	1.00	9
2.00	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	1.00	56	0	16.50	6.50	13.00	0.65	1.00	9
3.00	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	1.00	88	0	18.00	8.00	20.25	0.65	1.00	14
4.00	Greyish Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.00	0	32	19.50	9.50	29.00	0.00	1.00	21
5.00	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.00	0	30	22.00	12.00	39.75	0.00	1.00	16
6.00	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.50	0	29	18.20	8.20	51.90	0.00	1.00	15
7.50	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	41	21.80	11.80	66.90	0.00	1.00	38
9.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	84.75	0.00	1.00	51
10.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	102.75	0.00	1.00	60
12.00	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	120.75	0.00	1.00	60
13.50	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	38	21.20	11.20	138.15	0.00	1.00	33
15.00	Greyish Silty Clay (CH)	1.50	75	0	22.00	12.00	155.55	0.65	1.00	12
16.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	35	22.00	12.00	173.55	0.00	1.00	24
18.00	Brownish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.50	0	41	22.00	12.00	191.55	0.00	1.00	60
19.50	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	1.50	0	44	22.00	12.00	209.55	0.00	1.00	100
21.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	1.50	0	44	22.00	12.00	227.55	0.00	1.00	100
22.50	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	1.50	0	44	22.00	12.00	245.55	0.00	1.00	100
24.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	1.00	0	44	22.00	12.00	260.55	0.00	1.00	100
25.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.50	0	45	23.20	13.20	276.45	0.00	1.00	200
26.50	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.50	0	45	23.40	13.40	296.40	0.00	1.00	200
28.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	2.00	0	45	23.20	13.20	319.65	0.00	1.00	200

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

Depth (m)	Soil Description	Ultimate Frictional Capacity, kN using 'c' and 'φ' values						Ultimate Frictional Capacity, kN using 'N' values					
		q _s (kN/m ²)	450 mm	500 mm	600 mm	700 mm	900 mm	q _s (kN/m ²)	450 mm	500 mm	600 mm	700 mm	900 mm
1.00	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	3.03	4.28	4.76	5.71	6.67	8.57	15.00	21.21	23.56	28.27	32.99	42.41
2.00	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	36.40	51.46	57.18	68.61	80.05	102.92	45.00	63.62	70.69	84.82	98.96	127.23
3.00	Brown Silty Clay (CH)	57.20	80.86	89.85	107.82	125.79	161.73	70.00	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
4.00	Greyish Silty Sand (SM-SP)	18.12	25.62	28.46	34.16	39.85	51.24	35.00	49.48	54.98	65.97	76.97	98.96
5.00	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	22.95	32.44	36.05	43.26	50.47	64.89	26.67	37.70	41.89	50.27	58.64	75.40
6.00	Blackish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	28.77	61.01	67.78	81.34	94.90	122.01	25.00	53.01	58.90	70.69	82.47	106.03
7.50	Brown Sand (SP)	58.16	123.32	137.03	164.43	191.84	246.65	63.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
9.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	76.31	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	85.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
10.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	92.52	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
12.00	Brown Sand (SP)	108.72	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
13.50	Brown Sand (SP)	107.93	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	55.00	116.63	129.59	155.51	181.43	233.26
15.00	Greyish Silty Clay (CH)	48.75	103.38	114.86	137.84	160.81	206.76	60.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
16.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	121.52	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	40.00	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
18.00	Brownish Grey Silty Sand (SM-SP)	166.51	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
19.50	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	202.36	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	166.67	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
21.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	219.74	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	166.67	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
22.50	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	237.12	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	166.67	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
24.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	251.61	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65	166.67	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
25.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	276.45	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	333.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
26.50	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	296.40	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	333.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
28.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	319.65	169.65	188.50	226.19	263.89	339.29	333.33	169.65	188.50	226.19	263.89	339.29

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

DETERMINATION OF PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911 : 2010

Borehole Location	BH 2				
Length of Pile (L), m	=	22.00	m	From Existing Borehole Level	
Angle of Internal Friction (ϕ) in Degrees	=	45.00			
Undrained cohesion value at PileTip (c_p), kN/m ²	=	0.00	kN/m ²		
Submerged Unit Weight at PileTip (γ_p), kN/m ²	=	13.40	kN/m ²		
Ground Water Table Depth (GWT), m	=	0.00	m	Submerged Condition	
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_c)	=	9.00			
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_q)	=	350.00		Taken from Figure 1 of IS 2911:2010 Part 1 Sec.2	
Bearing Capacity Factor (N_γ)	=	271.75			
Factor of Safety (FS)	=	2.50			
Diameter of Pile (D), mm	=	450	500	600	700
Critical Depth of Pile (20 x D), m	=	9	10	12	14
Effective overburden pressure at Pile Tip (P_D), kN/m ²	=	114.85	132.85	150.85	168.70
End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ² using 'c' and ' ϕ '	=	41016.82	47407.85	53889.93	60319.50
End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ² using 'N' values	=	80000.00	80000.00	80000.00	80000.00
Limiting End Bearing Resistnace of Pile (q_p), kN/m ²	=	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00	10000.00
Ultimate End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	1590.43	1963.50	2827.43	3848.45
Ultimate End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'N' values	=	1590.43	1963.50	2827.43	3848.45
Safe End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	636.17	785.40	1130.97	1539.38
Safe End Bearing Capacity of Pile (Q_p), kN using 'N' values	=	636.17	785.40	1130.97	1539.38
Ultimate Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	1440.06	1600.07	1920.08	2240.09
Ultimate Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'N' values	=	1562.16	1735.73	2082.88	2430.02
Negative Skin Friction of Pile (Q_{nf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	99.78	110.86	133.04	155.21
Negative Skin Friction of Pile (Q_{nf}), kN using 'N' values	=	190.85	212.06	254.47	296.88
Safe Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'c' and ' ϕ ' values	=	476.25	529.16	635.00	740.83
Safe Frictional Capacity of Pile (Q_{pf}), kN using 'N' values	=	434.01	482.23	578.68	675.13
Self Weight of Pile (W), kN	=	87.47	107.99	155.51	211.66
Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN ('c' and ' ϕ ')	=	1112	1315	1766	2280
Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN ('N' values)	=	1070	1268	1710	2215
Recommended Safe Pile Carrying Capacity of Pile (Q_{safe}), kN	=	1091	1291	1738	2247
Safe Uplift Capacity of Pile (Q_{up}), kN using 'c' and 'ϕ' values	=	468	530	662	803

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

Depth (m)	Soil Description	H _i (m)	'c' kN/m ²	'φ'	'γ' kN/m ³	'γ _{sub} ' kN/m ³	P _{Di} (kN/m ²)	'α _i '	'K _i '	N' Value
1.00	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.00	0	27	17.50	7.50	7.50	0.00	1.00	12
2.00	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	1.00	50	0	16.10	6.10	12.20	0.65	1.00	8
3.00	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	1.00	56	0	16.50	6.50	19.50	0.65	1.00	9
4.00	Greyish Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	1.00	0	28	17.70	7.70	26.60	0.00	1.00	13
5.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.00	0	30	18.50	8.50	34.70	0.00	1.00	16
6.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	34	20.00	10.00	46.45	0.00	1.00	24
7.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	36	20.60	10.60	61.90	0.00	1.00	28
9.00	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	78.85	0.00	1.00	56
10.50	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	96.85	0.00	1.00	60
12.00	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	114.85	0.00	1.00	60
13.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	132.85	0.00	1.00	60
15.00	Brown Sand (SP)	1.50	0	42	22.00	12.00	150.85	0.00	1.00	60
16.50	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	1.50	57	37	21.80	11.80	168.70	0.30	1.00	38
18.00	Greyish Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	1.50	45	33	20.90	10.90	185.73	0.30	1.00	30
19.50	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	1.50	90	40	22.00	12.00	202.90	0.30	1.00	60
21.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	1.00	0	44	22.00	12.00	217.90	0.00	1.00	100
22.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.50	0	45	23.10	13.10	233.73	0.00	1.00	200
23.50	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	1.50	0	45	23.30	13.30	253.53	0.00	1.00	200

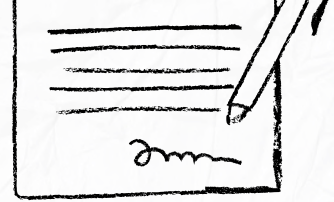
Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

Depth (m)	Soil Description	Ultimate Frictional Capacity, kN using 'c' and 'φ' values						Ultimate Frictional Capacity, kN using 'N' values					
		q _s (kN/m ²)	450 mm	500 mm	600 mm	700 mm	900 mm	q _s (kN/m ²)	450 mm	500 mm	600 mm	700 mm	900 mm
1.00	Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	3.82	5.40	6.00	7.20	8.40	10.80	20.00	28.27	31.42	37.70	43.98	56.55
2.00	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	32.50	45.95	51.05	61.26	71.47	91.89	13.33	18.85	20.94	25.13	29.32	37.70
3.00	Greyish Brown Silty Clay (CH)	36.40	51.46	57.18	68.61	80.05	102.92	15.00	21.21	23.56	28.27	32.99	42.41
4.00	Greyish Brown Silty Sand (SM-SP)	14.14	19.99	22.22	26.66	31.10	39.99	65.00	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
5.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	20.03	28.32	31.47	37.76	44.06	56.64	80.00	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
6.00	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	31.33	66.44	73.82	88.59	103.35	132.88	40.00	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
7.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	44.97	95.37	105.97	127.16	148.35	190.74	46.67	98.96	109.96	131.95	153.94	197.92
9.00	Brown Sand (SP)	71.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	93.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
10.50	Brown Sand (SP)	87.20	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
12.00	Brown Sand (SP)	103.41	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
13.50	Greyish Brown Sand (SP)	119.62	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
15.00	Brown Sand (SP)	135.83	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
16.50	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	144.22	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	63.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
18.00	Greyish Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	134.11	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	50.00	106.03	117.81	141.37	164.93	212.06
19.50	Brownish Grey Silty / Clayey Sand (SC)	197.25	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	100.00	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
21.00	Greyish Brown Weathered Sediments (Grade VI)	210.42	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65	166.67	84.82	94.25	113.10	131.95	169.65
22.00	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	233.73	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	333.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47
23.50	Brownish Grey Weathered Gneiss (Grade V)	253.53	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47	333.33	127.23	141.37	169.65	197.92	254.47

Annexure - 3 (Determination of Pile Carrying Capacity as Per IS 2911:2010)

DETERMINATION OF LATERAL PILE CARRYING CAPACITY AS PER IS 2911 : 2010

Length of Pile (L), m	=	25.00 m	From Existing Borehole Level			
Type of Fixity	=	Fixed Head by Pile Cap				
Cantilever Length above Ground Level (e), m	=	0.00 m	Point of application of Lateral Load (Assumed)			
Allowable Deflection as per IS 2911 Part 4 : 1985, Page No. 10 in mm	=	5.00 mm				
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction of Soil (η_n)	=	2700.00 kN/m³	From Table 3 of IS 2911 Part 1 Sec. 2			
Grade of Concrete	=	30.00 N/mm²	M 30			
Young's Modulus of Pile Material (E), kN/m²	=	27386127.88 kN/m²				
Diameter of Pile (D), mm	=	450	500	600	700	900
Moment of Inertia of Pile Section (I), m⁴	=	0.00201	0.00307	0.00636	0.01179	0.03221
Stiffness Factor, (T)	=	1.83	1.99	2.30	2.60	3.18
Criteria for Behaviour of Pile as per Table 5 of IS 2911 Part I Sec. 2	=	Long Pile	Long Pile	Long Pile	Long Pile	Long Pile
(e/R)	=	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(Z_p/T) from Fig.4 of IS 2911 Part 1 Sec.2	=	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
Depth of Fixity (Z_f), m	=	3.47	3.78	4.37	4.95	6.05
Allowable Deflection as per IS 2911 Part 4 : 1985, Page No. 10 in mm	=	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Lateral Load Capacity of Pile (H), kN	=	79.20	93.30	125.30	159.70	239.00



our services doesn't just end there



Buying & Selling Services

Property Buying Assistance, Property Selling Support, Market Price Analysis, Owner Outreach and Negotiation.



Legal & Documentation Services

Certified EC, Patta, legal opinions, property verification, due diligence, litigation solutions, and legal heir certificates.



Property Development & Approvals

Building plan approvals, construction, layout and sub-division approvals, zone conversion, and occupancy certification.



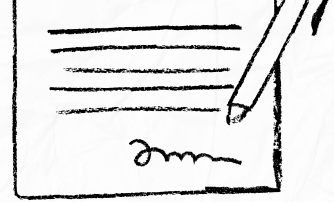
NRI & Investment Services

Escrow Services, Rentals, Litigation Solutions, Property Valuation and Property Management



Compliance & Special Services

Demolition, Vaasthu checks, regularization of unauthorized buildings, and office space solutions.



 **empowering your real estate decisions**
with smart tools



Property Valuation & Cost Estimation

Guideline Value, Apartment Composite Value, Stamp Duty & Registration Fees Calculator, Building Value Calculator, Capital Gains Calculator, Area Unit Converter, Length Unit Converter



Ownership, Compliance & Legal Verification

Encumbrance Certificate (EC) Search, Find Your SRO, Temple Property Check, WAQF Property Check, View Patta/Chitta, View FMB, Patta Analyzer, EC Analyzer



Zoning & Land Use Analysis

Land Use Zone Finder, CRZ Zone Check, Aquifer Zone Check, CBA Check, EWS Check, Road Width Check, Proposed Road Widening Check, FSI Calculator



Property Documentation & Workflow Tools

Forms & Templates, Document Generator, Document Translation, Dictionary



Vastu & Property Management Tools

Home Vastu Shastra, Plot Vastu Shastra, Property Management



We're honored to be part of your
real estate journey

3/350/2 Mettukuppam,
OMR Thoraipakkam,
Chennai, India

hello@verified.realestate
[+91 9996 12 9996](tel:+919996129996)
www.verified.realestate